Implementation of a stack with an array

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Variables
stack: array of elements
top: integer
invariant: stack[0], \ldots, stack[top] are the elements of the stack listed from bottom to top
Initialization
top \leftarrow -1
Algorithms
size():
  output: size of stack
return (top + 1)
isEmpty():
  output: stack is empty?
return (top < 0)
  precondition: stack is nonempty
  output: top element of stack
return stack[top]
push(element):
  precondition: stack is not full
  postcondition: element has been added onto top of stack
  input: element to be added to stack
top \leftarrow top + 1
stack[top] \leftarrow element
pop():
  precondition: stack is nonempty
  postcondition: top element has been removed from stack
  output: top element of stack
temp \leftarrow stack[top]
top \leftarrow top - 1
return temp
Implementation of a queue with a circular array
Variables
queue: array of elements
front: integer
rear: integer
capacity: integer
invariant: if front \leq rear, then queue[front], \ldots, queue[rear-1] are the elements of the queue from front to
rear; otherwise, queue[front], \ldots, queue[capacity-1], queue[0], \ldots, queue[rear-1] are the elements of the
queue from front to rear
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Initialization
front \leftarrow 0
rear \leftarrow 0
capacity \leftarrow capacity of the array
Algorithms
size():
  output: size of queue
return (capacity - front + rear) mod capacity
isEmpty():
  output: queue is empty?
return (front = rear)
front():
  precondition: queue is nonempty
  output: front element of queue
return queue[front]
enqueue(element):
  precondition: array queue holds less than capacity-1 elements
  postcondition: element has been added at the rear of queue
  input: element to be added to queue
queue[rear] \leftarrow element
rear \leftarrow (rear + 1) \mod capacity
dequeue():
  precondition: queue is nonempty
  postcondition: front element has been removed from queue
  output: front element of queue
temp \leftarrow queue[front]
front \leftarrow (front + 1) \mod capacity
return temp
```