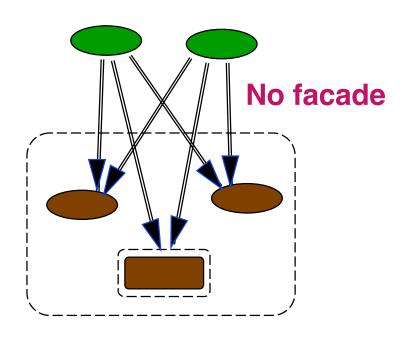
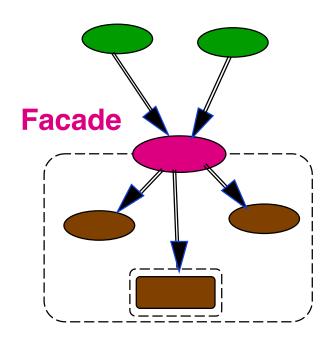
#### Facade Pattern – Structural

- Intent
  - Provide common interface to a set of interfaces within system
  - » Define a higher level interface that makes the system easier to use for most common tasks
- Motivation
  - Design goal is to minimize communication between client and subsystems of a system
  - » Facade provides a simplified interface to the more general facilities of a system

# Facade Pattern – Diagram

#### **Clients**





Subsystem classes

### Facade – Applicability

- Need to provide a simple interface to set of complex subsystems
- Provide a simple default view

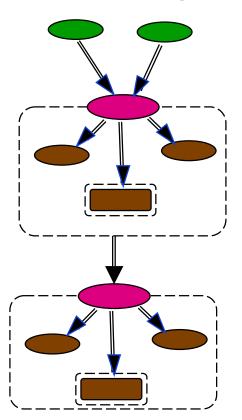
As systems grow, classes become smaller more refined

- > Better for reuse
- > More difficult for clients to use
- Decouple subsystems from clients

Reduce implementation dependencies

### Facade – Applicability – 2

- Layer subsystems
  - » Each layer has a single entry point
  - » Layers communicate only through Facade interface



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### Facade – Compiler Example – Pseudocode

```
class COMPILER
  feature { NONE }
    nodeTree: NODE
    scanner: SCANNER -- Individual subsystems
    parser : PARSER
    emitter: EMITTER
  feature
    compile do
      nodeTREE ← parser.parse ( scanner )
      emitter.output ( nodeTree )
    end
  end
end
```

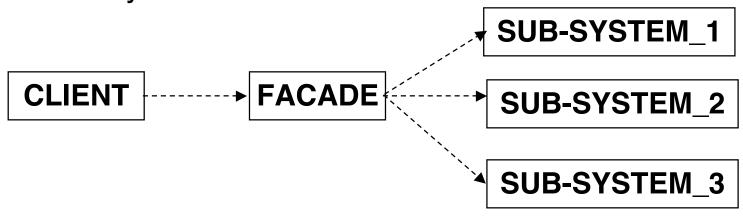
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## Facade – Compiler Participants

- Facade
  - » Compiler
    - > Knows which subsystem classes are responsible for a request
    - > Delegates client requests to appropriate subsystem objects
- Subsystems
  - » Scanner, Parser, StatementTypeNode(s), etc.
    - > Implement system functionality
    - > Handle work assigned by Facade object
    - > Have no knowledge of the facade
      - Keep no references to it

#### Facade – Collaborations

- Clients communicate with the subsystem by sending requests to Facade
- Facade forwards requests to subsystem
  - » Facade may have to translate its interface to subsystem interface (use Adapter)
- Clients that use facade don't have direct access to the subsystems



### Facade – Consequences

Benefits

Shields clients from subsystem components

Reducing number of objects clients deal with

» Promotes weak coupling between subsystems and clients

Can vary components of subsystem without affecting clients

» Doesn't prevent expert clients from direct access to subsystems

Choice between ease of use and generality

### Façade – Related Patterns

- Abstract Factory is used with Façade to provide an interface of creating subsystems independent fo the subsytems.
- Mediator abstracts arbitrary communication between objects by centralizing functionality that does not properly belong to either of them. Instead of direct communication, objects go through the mediator
- Facade objects are often Singletons

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