<u>CSE 3461</u>

Layout Organization and Management

Models for Component Layout

- 1. <u>Absolute</u> (aka <u>fixed</u>)
 - Control for component size and position

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- 2. Struts and springs
 - Control for component position
- 3. Variable intrinsic size
 - Control for component size

Absolute Layout

- The principle is to specify the position and the size of each component
 - provide absolute values (not relative)
 - position is specified by *x* and *y* screen coordinates (typically in pixels, origin in top-left corner)
 - size is specified by width and height values (typically in pixels)



Absolute Layout

• Disadvantages

- Widgets retain their position and size when window is resized
- Enlarging: too much empty space (more in Module 6, Evaluation)
- Shrinking: components get lost (how might this instead be handled?)
- Difficult to modify layout; need to modify many 'magic numbers'
- Advantages
 - Widgets retain their position and size when window is resized
 - Can be simple to specify layout

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Struts and Springs

- Idea: specify relative position of components
 - the specification is given in terms of constraints
 - the constraints specify geometric relationships between the components and the borders of container
 - the sizes and positions of the components are determined by layout manager
 - the layout manager calculates the (*x*,*y*) coordinates and component sizes so that the specified constraints relationships are maintained, *to the degree that is possible.*

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Struts and Springs

Advantages

- When the window is resized, components will automatically be repositioned
 - position is determined by layout manager's solution to constraint equations
- Easy to use
- Handles window resizing appropriately

Variable Intrinsic Size

- Idea: specify <u>intrinsic</u> size values for widgets
 - *intrinsic* means pertaining to the inherent or essential nature of a thing (cf *extrinsic*, originating from the outside, external)
 - intrinsic values capture a range of acceptable values: preferred size, minimum size, maximum size
 - let layout manager determine which size value should be used
- During layout, components report their size properties to the layout manager (recursively, if necessary)
- Designers have limited control over this
 - Some layout managers respect size properties, while others do not!

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Variable Intrinsic Size

- Advantages
 - Layout manager determines appropriate values
- Disadvantages
 - Designers have limited control over this
 - Some layout managers respect size properties, while others do not!

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<u>BorderLayout</u>

- Places components in one of five regions
 - North, South, East, West, Center
 - all extra space is placed in center
- Support for struts and springs
 - Struts (YES)
 - Can specify 'hgap', 'vgap'
 - Springs (NO)
 - Inter-component space is fixed
- Support for variable intrinsic size (YES)
 - Components expand to fill space in region









BoxLayout

- Components placed in a single row or column
- Alignment can be specified
- Components do not wrap
- Support for struts and springs
 - Struts (YES)
 - Can specify 'rigid areas'
 - Springs (YES)
 - Can specify 'horizontal glue' or 'vertical glue'
- Support for variable intrinsic size (YES)
 - Components expand if maximum size property is
 - set













Example With struts : hgap = vgap = alignment = right	= 10,
↓	
Invocation: java DemoFlowLayout 10 r	
Launch	
👹 DemoFlowLayout	
Carrot Yam Broccoli Brussel Sprouts Zucchini	
Resize	
👹 DemoFlowLayout	
Carrot Yam Broccoli Brussel Sprouts Zucchini	
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- A number of rows and columns are requested
- Components are arranged in the grid
 - Components are made equal in size
- Support for struts and springs
 - Struts (YES)
 - Can specify 'hgap', 'vgap'
 - Springs (NO)
 - Inter-component space is fixed
- Support for variable intrinsic size (YES)
 - Components expand to fill rectangle







Organization and Layout of Components

- General guidelines:
 - Present all components necessary for performing an action or making a decision in one window, whenever possible
 - Organize components into semanticallycoherent groupings
 - Place groupings in window in a layout that:
 - is balanced and aligned
 - supports flow of interaction

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Flow of Interaction

- Important, frequently-used controls at the top left
- Maintain top-to-bottom, left-to-right flow
- Dependent controls should be below or to the right of their respective enabling controls
- Buttons that affect entire window should be grouped in an horizontal array
 - the grouping should be placed at the bottom and centered horizontally

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Alignment

- Alignment assists users' navigation of the screen
- Inter-group alignment **and** intra-group alignment must be considered
- A group is
 - a (labeled) set of radio buttons
 - a (labeled) set of semantically-related check-boxes
 - a (labeled) set of two or more related fields or controls

<u>The 5° Heuristic</u>

- Create groups whose size is a "visual chunk" that corresponds to 5° of visual angle
- Visual acuity is best at *center of fixation;* relative acuity is halved at 2.5° from center
 - Diameter of circle that corresponds to 5° of visual angle depends on distance between eye and screen
 - With a distance of 19" (475mm) from eyes to screen, diameter of "visual chunk" is 1.67" (42mm)

Guidelines for Borders

- Groupings can be enhanced by the addition of borders
- Do not place borders around:
 - single entry fields
 - single combo boxes, spin boxes, sliders
 - command buttons

Examples

- "Story Info" • Ex 1
- Ex 2 "Customer Personal Details"
- Ex 3 "Footnote Options"
- Ex 4 "Location of Files"

Galitz, W. O., The Essential Guide to User Interface Design, Wiley, 2002. pp. 235-248, 684-700

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Backup Files:		
Documents	e:\window\learn	(A)
Graphics Files:	c:\window\graphics	1
Printer Filez:	c:\wpc	*
Spreadsheets:		
h	facros/Keyboards/Button Bars	-1.023
Fales:	c:/window/macros	
-	Styles	1.02
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1st Given Name 2nd Given Name (if any) Surname Courtesy Title: Sex: O Mala O Female O Unknown	- 06
Courtesy Title: Sex: O Mele O Female O Unknown	
Sex: O Male O Female O Unknown	Apply
	Cuncel
Marital Status: O Married O Single O All Others Date of Birth (dd/mm/vvvv):	Help
Daytime Phone No:	_
Home Address:	
City/Town/Suburb: Postcode:	







